**University of Asia Pacific (UAP)**

**Department of Basic Sciences and Humanities**

**Course Title: Multivariable Calculus (MTH 201)**

**Program: B.Sc. Engineering (CSE)**

**2nd Year / 1st Semester**

**Teacher: Sk. Reza-E-Rabbi (Lecturer)**

**Lecture-01**

Introductory Class

**Lecture- 02**

1. Define limit and continuity of a function.
2. Discuss the limit of the function  along
3. x-axis (b) y-axis (c) the line y= x

(d) the line y= -x (e) the parabola y= x2

1. Does the following limit exist? If so find its value.



1. Use limit laws and continuity properties to solve



1. Evaluating limits by converting to polar coordinates,



**Lecture- 03**

1. Find , and use those partial derivatives to compute .
2. Find if .
3. If 

(a) Find the slope of the surface z= f(x,y) in the x direction at the point (1, -2).

(b) Find the slope of the surface z= f(x,y) in the y direction at the point (1, -2).

1. Let, 

(a) Show that exist at all points (x, y).

(b) Explain why f is not continuous at (0,0)

1. If  then find all possible second order partial derivatives of f(x, y).
2. If  then find .

**Lecture- 04**

1. What is chain rule?
2. Suppose that z= x2y, x= t2, y= t3. Use the chain rule to find dz/dt.
3. Suppose that . Use the chain rule to find .
4. If z= x2y+3xy4, where, x=sin2t and y= cost, find dz/dt when t=0.
5. Given that, use appropriate forms of the chain rule to find .
6. Given that, use appropriate forms of the chain rule to find .
7. If use appropriate forms of the chain rule to find .
8. If find the value of when r= 2, s=1, t= 0.
9. If and f is differentiable, show that g satisfies the equation .
10. Find and if x3+y3+z3+6xyz=1.